Beyond Restenosis – Factors That Impact Patient Preferences For Drug Eluting or Bare Metal Stents

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RESULTS

% Patients Listing Avoiding this Factor as Top Concern

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>% Patients Avoiding</th>
<th>Individual DAPT Drawbacks</th>
<th>Final Stent Placed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Repeat Revasc</td>
<td>Cost</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repeat Revasc</td>
<td>79.4</td>
<td>85.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Any DAPT drawback</td>
<td>78.7</td>
<td>86.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

LIMITATIONS

• 2-center study conducted in the Midwestern U.S.
• Survey presented immediately prior to angiography

CONCLUSIONS

• Most patients undergoing coronary angiography regarded avoiding one of the drawbacks of DAPT at least as important as avoiding repeat revascularization
• Only a minority of patients regarded avoiding repeat revascularization as their most important consideration
• DES was used in the majority of PCI cases regardless of what factors patients valued the most
• Patients who valued avoiding DAPT drawbacks the most were more likely to have undergone a PCI less than 6 months ago

DISCLOSURES

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